## Blackrock Neurotech

#### Who Is Blackrock Neurotech

- Identity & Mission
- Blackrock Neurotech is a BCI company focused on implantable brain-computer interfaces to help people with neurological disorders (paralysis, loss of movement, communication, sensory function). (<u>blackrockneurotech.com</u>)

#### History & Leadership

- Founded in ~2008 (originally under the name Blackrock Microsystems). (PR Newswire)
- Key people: Marcus Gerhardt (CEO) and Florian Solzbacher (Co-founder) lead the company. (PR Newswire)

#### Core Technology

- Uses intracortical electrode arrays, especially the *Utah Array* (NeuroPort),
  which is highly validated in human BCI research. (<u>blackrockneurotech.com</u>)
- They support a full "ecosystem" electrodes, neural signal processors, software to decode brain signals, and applications.
   (blackrockneurotech.com)
- o Their tech has enabled:
  - Neuroprosthetics: controlling robotic limbs by thought.
    (blackrockneurotech.com)
  - Computer control: patients using web browsers, composing email, playing games, painting, etc. via brain signals.
     (blackrockneurotech.com)
  - Communication: decoding words and sentences from neural data for people who cannot speak. (<u>blackrockneurotech.com</u>)
  - Sensory restoration: experiments have shown it's possible to restore touch, vision or hearing via brain stimulation.
     (blackrockneurotech.com)

#### • Clinical & Research Footprint

 The company cites 19+ years of human studies, "30K+ days of implant research," and more than 1,000 research institutions using its hardware. (blackrockneurotech.com)

- Their BCI system called MoveAgain has received FDA Breakthrough Device
  Designation. (All Health Tech)
- They acquired MindX, a spatial computing software firm, to combine their BCI hardware with augmented reality and AI software. (PR Newswire)
- Blackrock also partners with **Phantom Neuro** to help control exoskeletons and prosthetics in real time. (<u>blackrockneurotech.com</u>)
- They participated in an EU-funded project (B-CRATOS) to develop wireless brain-machine interfaces. (<u>blackrockneurotech.com</u>)

## **Crypto Connection: Where Cryptocurrency Comes In**

While Blackrock Neurotech is not a "crypto company" in the sense of dealing in tokens or blockchains, its most notable crypto-industry connection comes via **Tether**:

- In **April 2024**, **Tether Evo** (the venture arm of Tether, issuer of the stablecoin USDT) invested **\$200 million** into Blackrock Neurotech. (<u>blackrockneurotech.com</u>)
- This investment gave Tether a majority stake in Blackrock Neurotech. (Investing.com)
- The funds are being used to commercialize Blackrock's BCI technology and accelerate R&D. (FinSMEs)

# Why This Matters: Impact & Implications in the Crypto Industry

#### 1. Diversification of Crypto Capital

- a. Tether's large investment shows that stablecoin issuers / crypto companies are willing to deploy capital outside of purely financial plays. Rather than just issuing USDT or building on-chain, Tether is using its profits to back deep tech.
- b. This signals a maturation in how crypto firms allocate capital not only in blockchain startups, but also in frontier technologies like BCIs.

#### 2. Long-Term Vision for Tech + Humanity

- a. The investment aligns with Tether Evo's stated mission: merging "technology with human capabilities." By backing BCIs, they are placing a bet on **human enhancement and recovery**, not just financial return.
- b. If Blackrock succeeds in bringing BCIs to wider clinical or consumer use, Tether's involvement could become a defining "tech bet" of the cryptoworld's next generation.

#### 3. Regulatory & Ethical Dimensions

- a. The involvement of a major crypto company in implantable neurotech raises interesting regulatory and ethical questions: data privacy (brain data is very sensitive), security, consent, and how neural information might be used or monetized.
- b. There's also potential for public scrutiny: brain implants are not just medical devices—they touch on identity, cognition, and personal autonomy.

#### 4. Potential for Web3 / BCI Synergies

- a. While not currently obvious in public materials, there is theoretical potential for **BCI + Web3 integration**: imagine BCI-enabled interfaces to interact with decentralized systems, to "think" commands to digital agents, or to authenticate via brain signals.
- b. If BCIs become more widespread, there could be novel crypto-native use cases (though this is speculative at this point).

#### 5. Legitimacy Boost for Neurotech

- a. Crypto capital (especially from stablecoin issuers) gives neurotech firms like Blackrock more financial runway to commercialize, potentially accelerating adoption.
- b. This could help move BCI technology from lab / research settings into clinical and eventually consumer applications.

### **Risks & Challenges**

- **Technical & Clinical Risk**: Scaling BCI implants from research to broad commercial use is very challenging (surgery, long-term biocompatibility, reliability).
- **Regulatory Uncertainty**: BCI regulation is still young; combining it with crypto-backed financing could raise unique regulatory questions.
- **Data Privacy & Security**: Neural data is deeply personal. If crypto firms are involved, stakeholders will want to ensure that brain data cannot be misused, hacked, or monetized in harmful ways.

- **Reputation Risk**: Some may view the involvement of a crypto firm in brain tech skeptically (e.g., concerns about "who controls neural data").
- **Commercialization Risk**: Even with \$200M, bringing implantable neurotechnology to mass / clinical markets is capital-intensive, risky, and may take many years.

#### Conclusion

- **Blackrock Neurotech** is a leading BCI company with decades of experience, mature technology, and strong clinical / research credibility.
- Its \$200 M investment from Tether highlights a meaningful bridge between crypto capital and neurotechnology not a superficial "crypto hype" play, but a real long-term bet on brain-computer interfaces.
- This relationship matters because it shows how crypto capital is being deployed into frontier human-machine interfaces, potentially accelerating the translation of BCI technology into real-world, life-changing applications.
- At the same time, it raises deep ethical, technical, and regulatory questions about brain data, ownership, and how future digital-physical interactions will be governed.

# Citation

Here's a clean, educational citation list for the **Blackrock Neurotech** summary:

**Key References** 

- "Tether invested \$200 M in Blackrock Neurotech, accelerating development and commercialization of implantable BCI technology." *Blackrock Neurotech*. (blackrockneurotech.com)
- 2. "Tether Takes Strategic Stake in Leading Brain-Computer-Interface Company Blackrock Neurotech." *Tether.io.* (<u>Tether</u>)
- 3. "Blackrock Neurotech acquires spatial computing software firm MindX to commercialize full-stack BCI product." *PR Newswire*. (PR Newswire)
- 4. "Biosphere25: Utah's Life Sciences Industry Blackrock Neurotech." *BioUtah*. (BioUtah)
- 5. "Crypto company Tether invests \$200 mln in brain-chip maker Blackrock Neurotech." *Reuters*. (Investing.com)
- 6. "Tether Buys \$200M Majority Stake in Brain-Computer Interface Company Blackrock Neurotech." *CoinDesk*. (CoinDesk)
- 7. "Blackrock Neurotech Receives \$200 M Investment from Tether." FinSMEs. (FinSMEs)
- 8. "Stablecoin Issuer Tether Invests \$200 Million in Brain-Computer Interface Firm." *Bloomberg.* (Bloomberg)